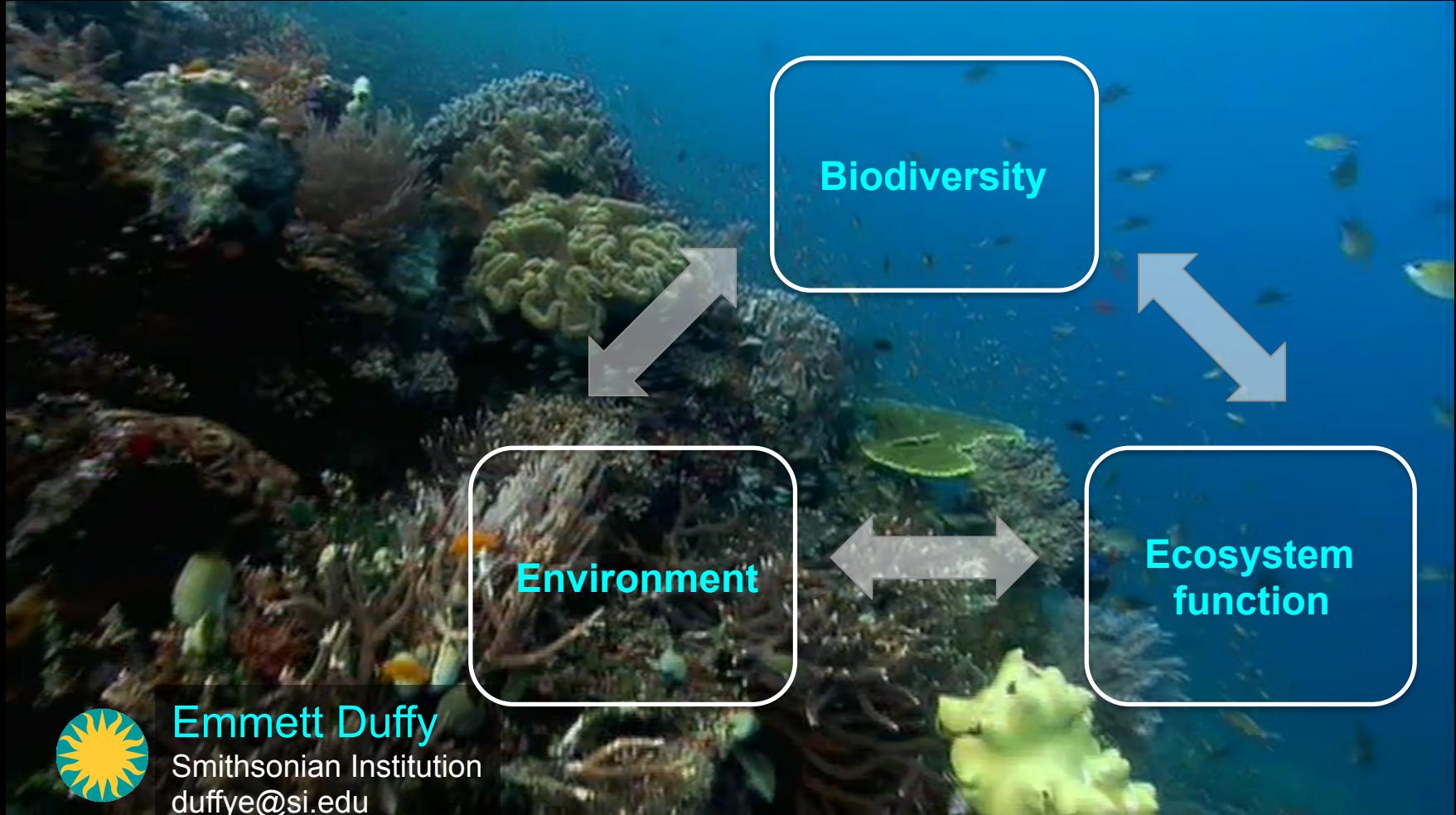


# The Tennenbaum Marine Observatories Network

## Marine Global Earth Observatory (MarineGEO)



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# MarineGEO Core research: *Implementation*



Sediment



Vegetation



Reef

Annual

(Semi)annual

Periodic

Biodiversity  
Quantitative surveys

*Foundation species*  
*Associated species*  
*Fishes*

Ecosystem stocks  
and processes

*Production*  
*Recruitment (plates)*  
*Consumption (assays)*  
*Decomposition (assays)*

Coordinated  
experiments

*Stressor impacts*  
*Bottom-up control*  
*Top-down control*

Seascape map  
*Satellite, drone*

Water quality  
Weather

*T, S, DO, pH, fluorescence*  
*Air temp, precipitation,*



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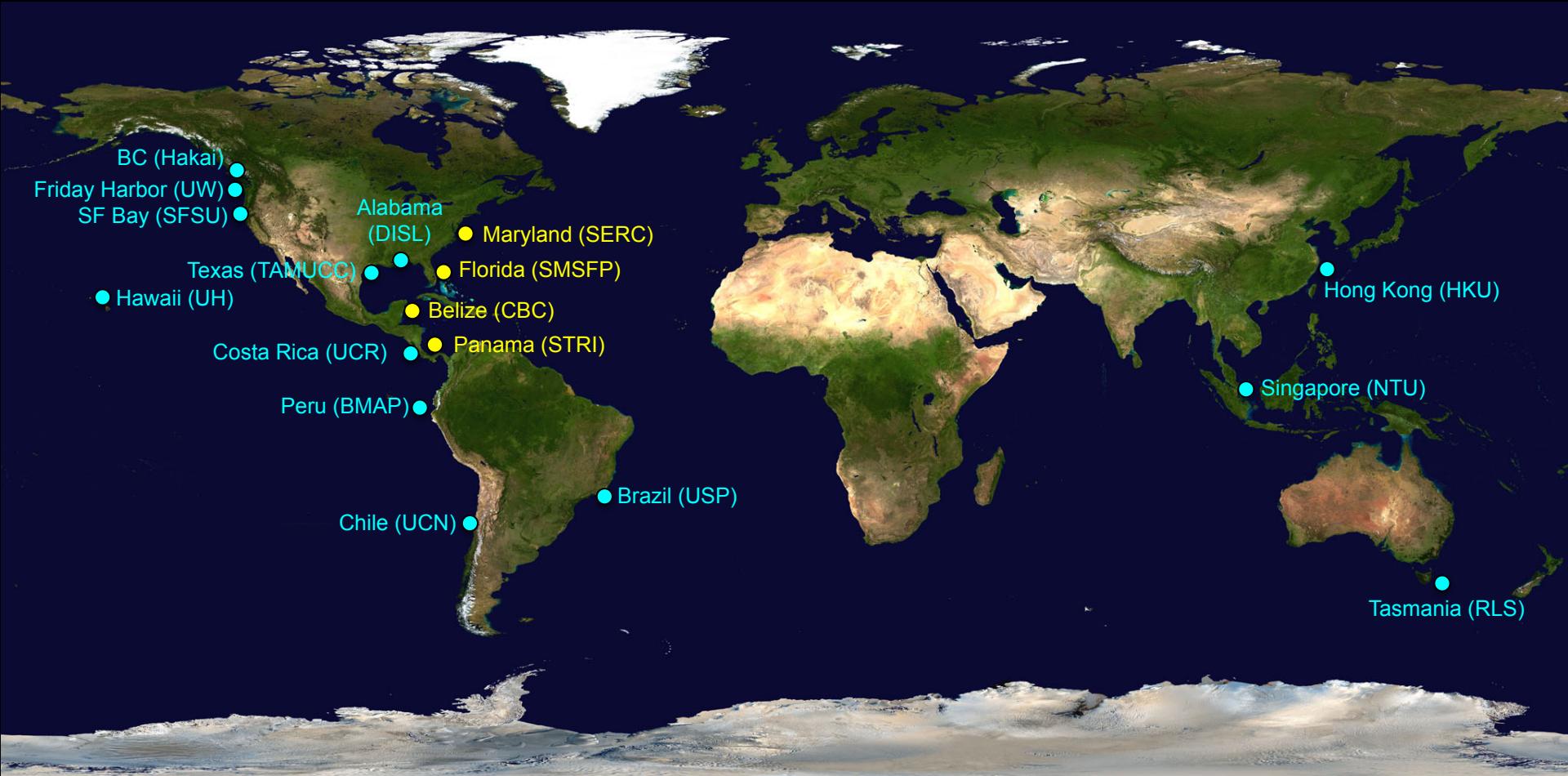
# MarineGEO Core research: *Business model*

- Keep it simple
- “Just do it”
  - begin work
  - revisit goals and protocols
- Crowdsource where possible
  - integrate students
  - citizen scientists
- Adopt best practices and emulate
- Add value to local efforts



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# Tennenbaum Marine Observatories Network

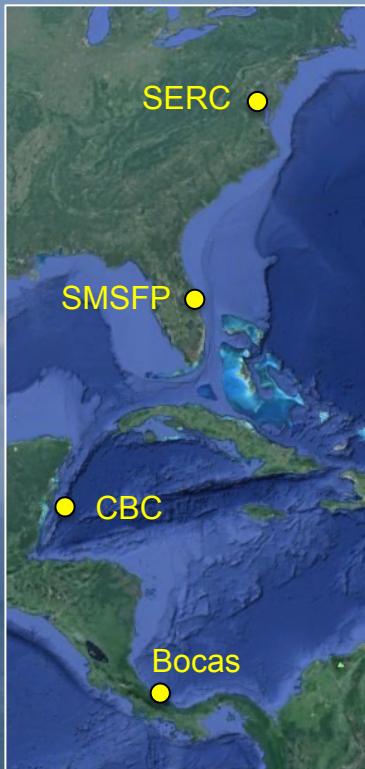


. . . And Marine Global Earth Observatory (MarineGEO)



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# Environment: *Weather and water quality*



## Methods

*instrument platforms (fixed)  
sonde surveys*

## Data

*Weather* (wind, precipitation, barometric P)  
*Water quality* (T, S, DO, pH, chl, DOM, light)  
*Sea level* (NOAA sentinel site standards)  
*Tides* (NOAA sentinel site standards)

## Challenges

*Instrumentation costs  
Maintenance  
Expertise*



Established at 4 SI nodes, partnering with others



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# Biodiversity: *Major components*





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# Biodiversity: *Habitat formers*

## Methods

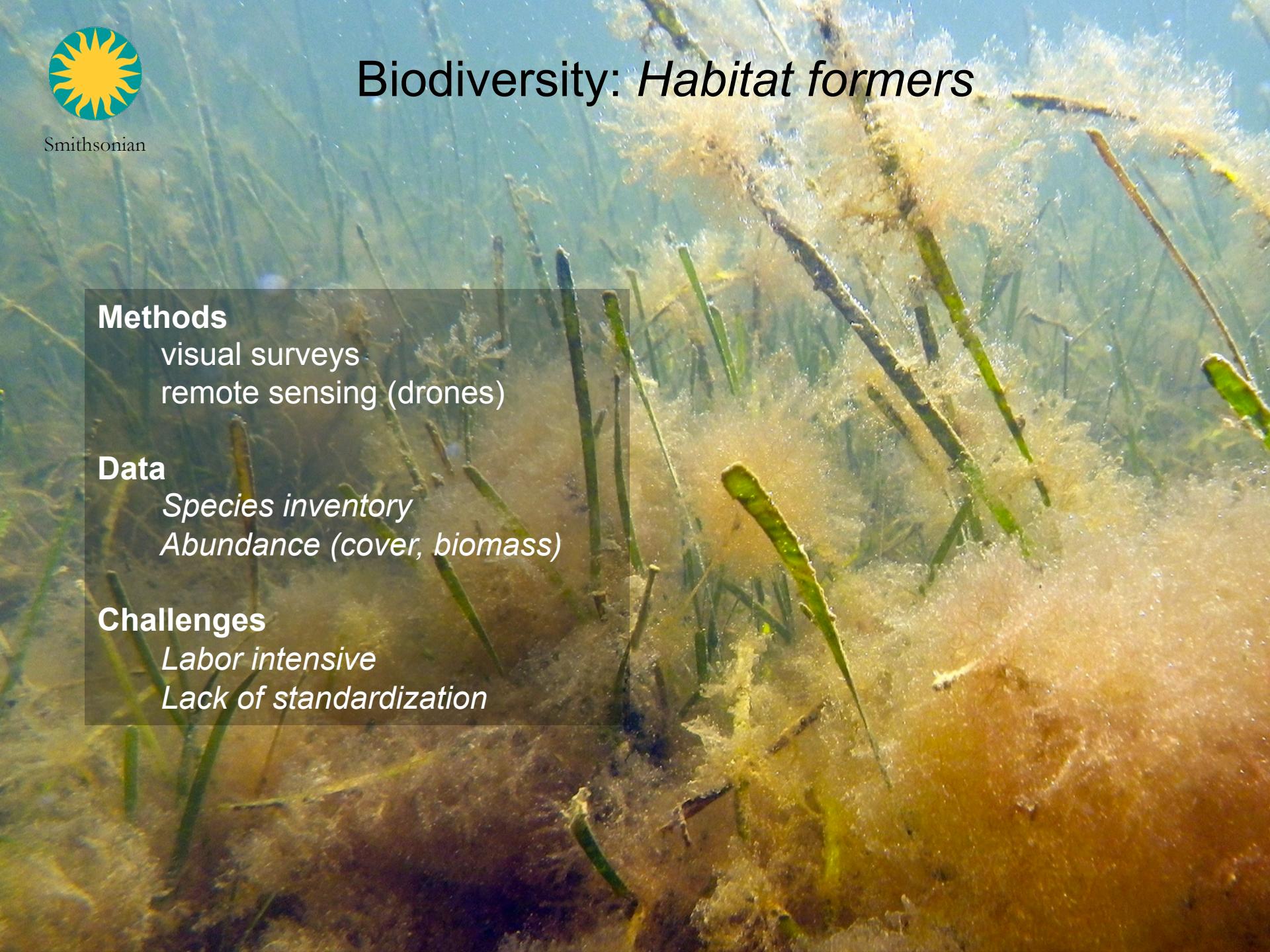
visual surveys  
remote sensing (drones)

## Data

*Species inventory*  
*Abundance (cover, biomass)*

## Challenges

*Labor intensive*  
*Lack of standardization*





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# Biodiversity: *Fishes*

## Methods

*diver visual surveys  
baited video  
seine nets, etc.*

## Data

*Species inventory  
Abundance  
Body size*

## Challenges

*Unstandardized among habitats*

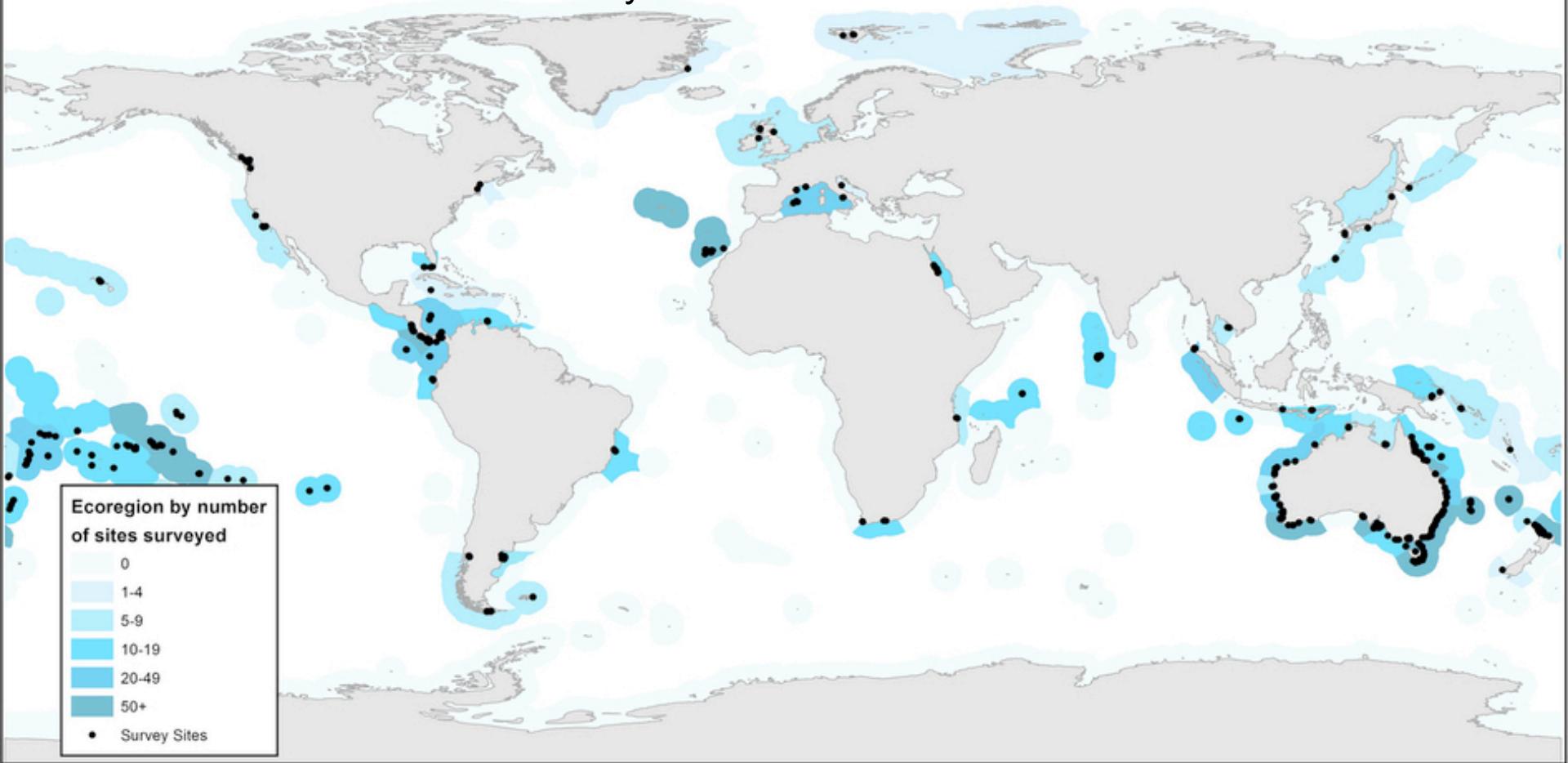


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# Biodiversity: *Fishes*



>2500 sites surveyed for fish and bottom communities





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# Biodiversity: *The other 95%*

## Methods

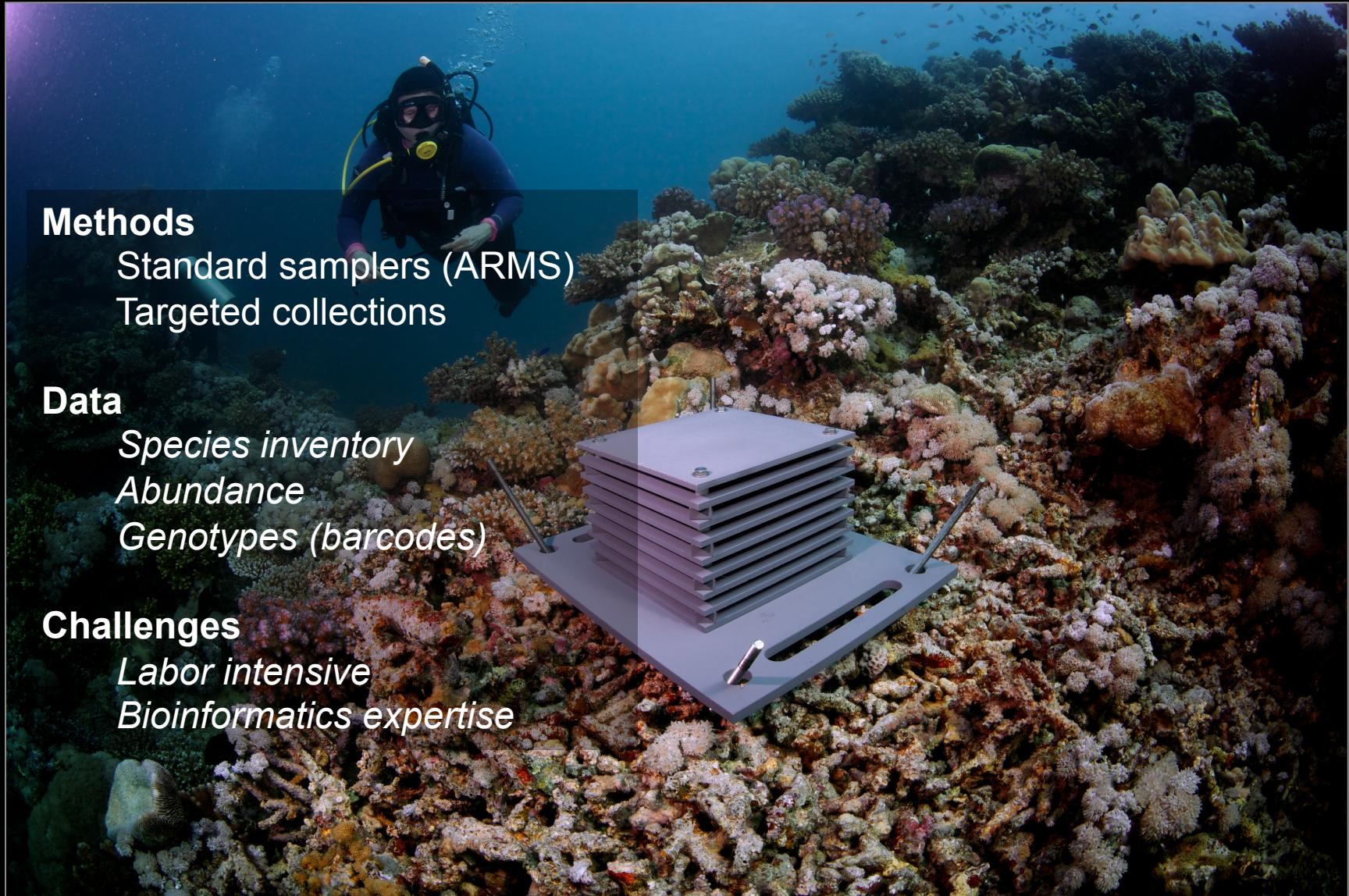
- Standard samplers (ARMS)
- Targeted collections

## Data

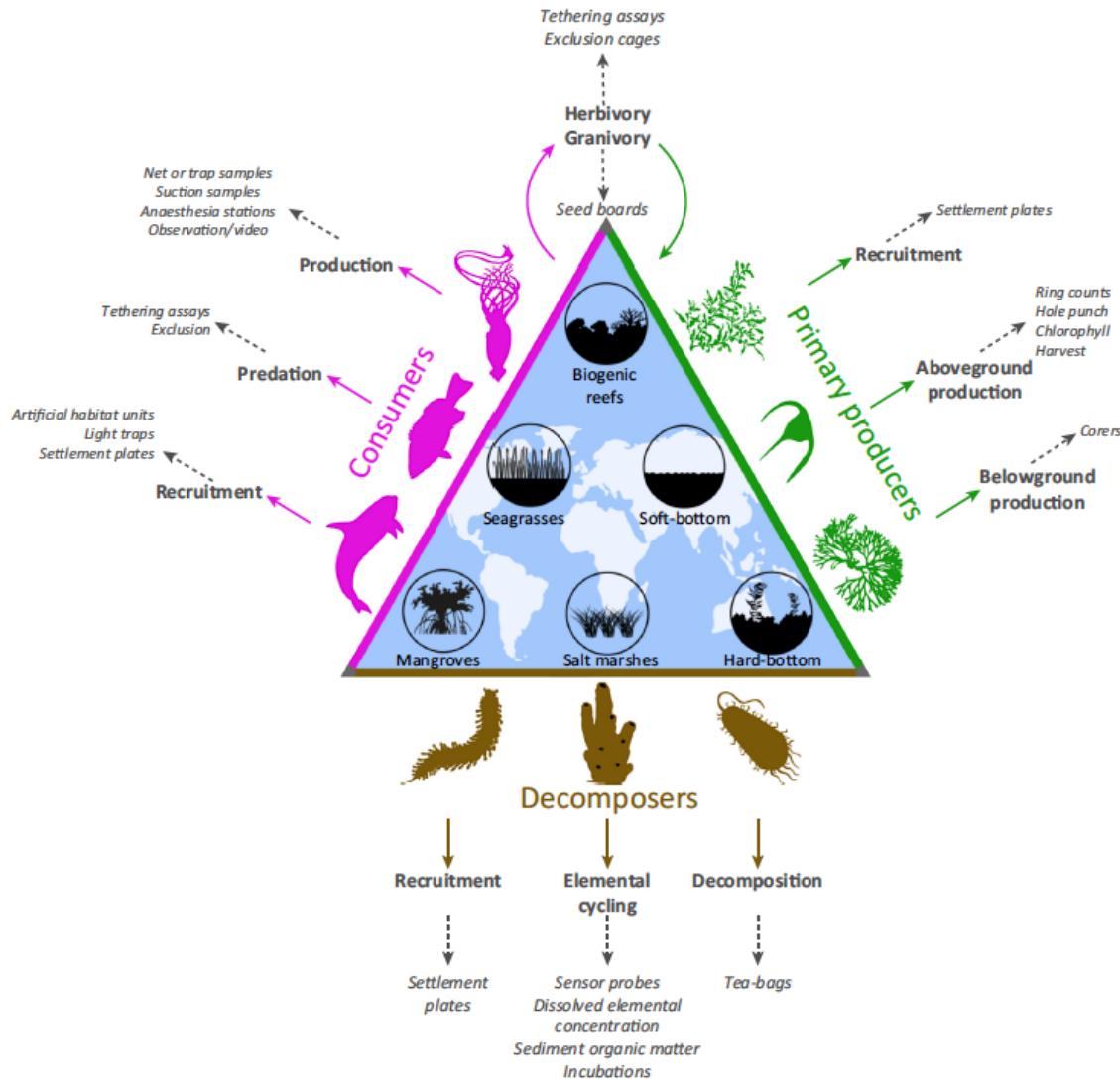
- Species inventory*
- Abundance*
- Genotypes (barcodes)*

## Challenges

- Labor intensive*
- Bioinformatics expertise*



# Ecosystem processes: Standardization

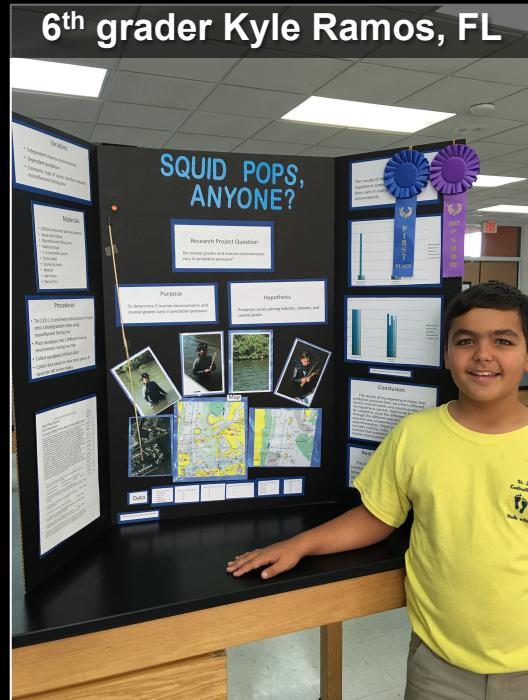


Lefcheck, J. S., S. J. Brandl, P. L. Reynolds, A. R. Smyth, and S. T. Meyer. 2016. Extending Rapid Ecosystem Function Assessments to Marine Ecosystems: A Reply to Meyer. *Trends in ecology & evolution*, *in press*.



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# Ecosystem processes: *Predation*



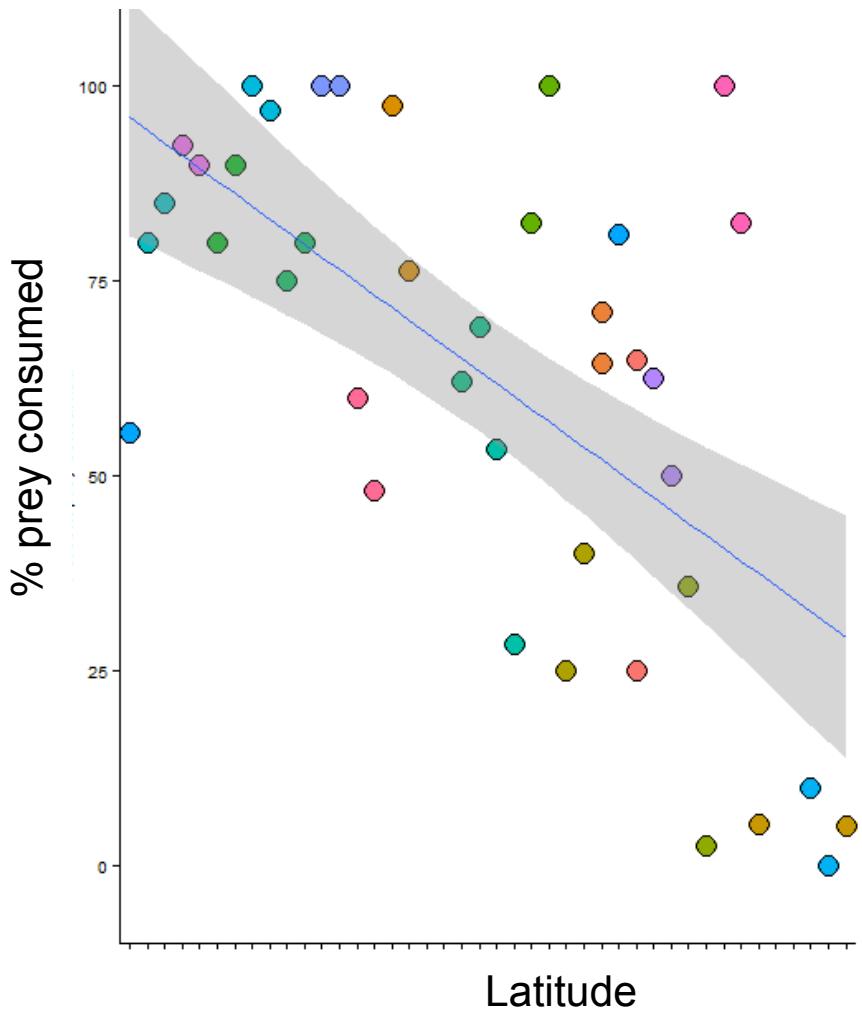
Squidpops won science fair!

Duffy, J. E., S. L. Ziegler, J. E. Campbell, P. M. Bippus, and J. S. Lefcheck. 2015. Squidpops: A Simple Tool to Crowdsource a Global Map of Marine Predation Intensity. PLoS ONE 10:e0142994.

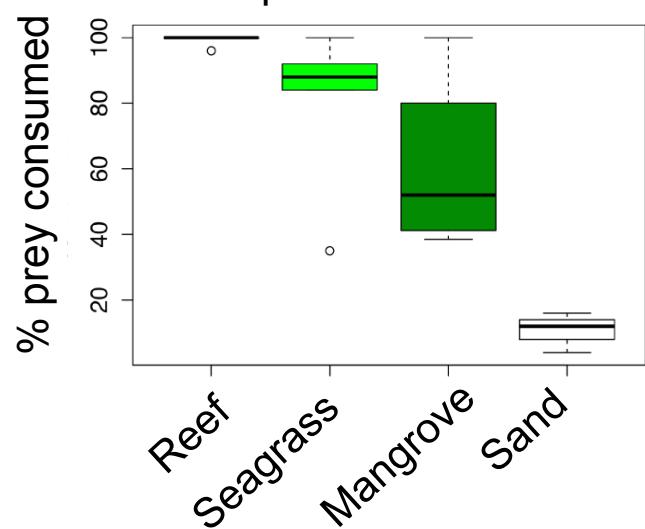
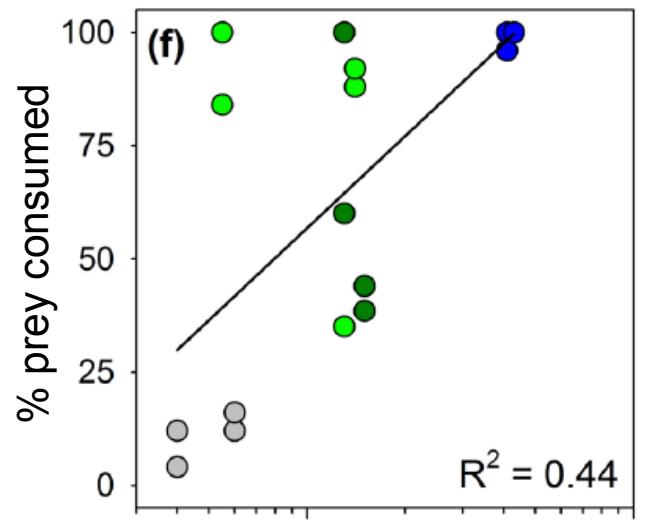


# Ecosystem processes: *Predation*

Across regions, within habitats



Within region, across habitats





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# Coordinated experiment: *Resilience*

## Methods

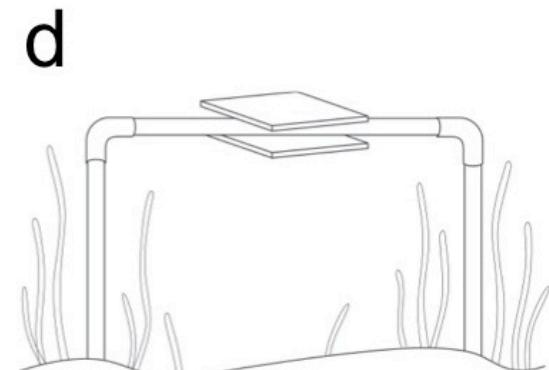
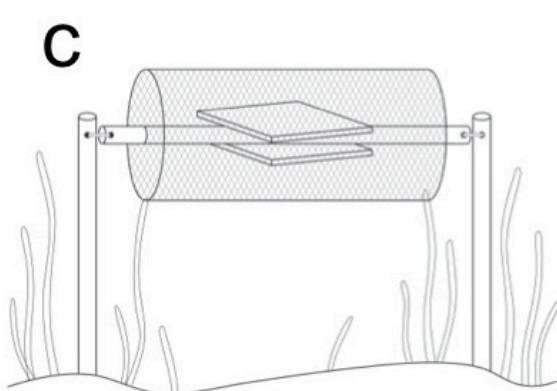
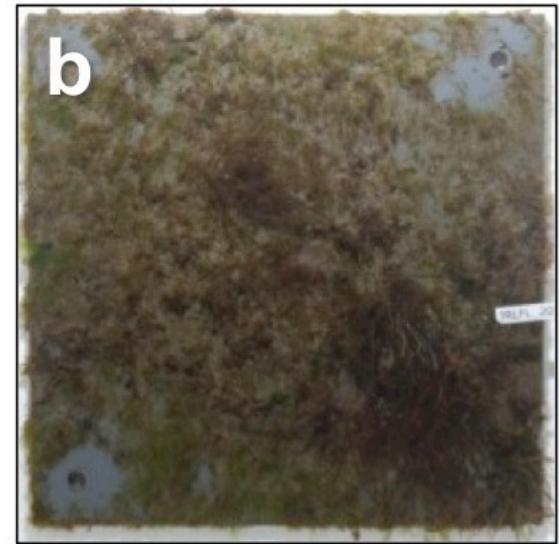
*Cage experiment  
feeding assays*

## Data

*Algal production  
Herbivory  
Predation  
Recruitment*

## Challenges

*Labor-intensive*



# Thank you

